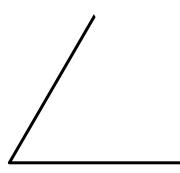
Listen to the directions.

First, draw the missing line to finish the triangle using a ruler. Second, color the corners red. Third, draw another triangle.

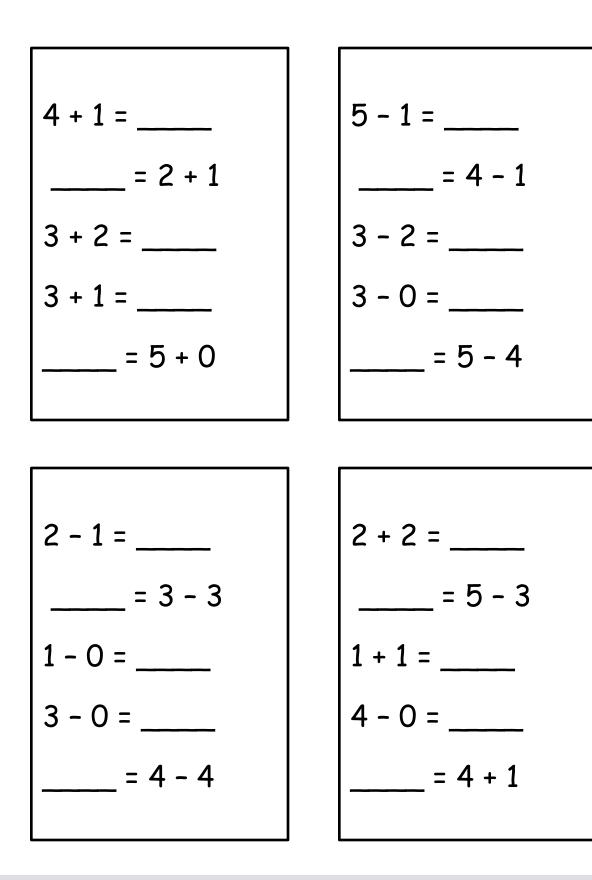


First, use your ruler to draw 2 lines to make a square. Second, color the corners red. Third, draw another square.

First, draw a triangle using your ruler. Second, draw a different triangle using your ruler. Third, show your pictures to your partner.







COMMON CORE Date:

Lesson 1:

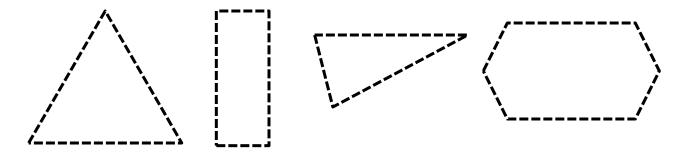
4/11/14

Describe the systematic construction of flat shapes using ordinal numbers.

engage<sup>ny</sup>

Date
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First, use a ruler to trace the shapes. Second, draw the shapes using your ruler following the directions in the box.



Draw 3 different triangles.	
Draw 2 different rectangles.	Draw 1 hexagon.

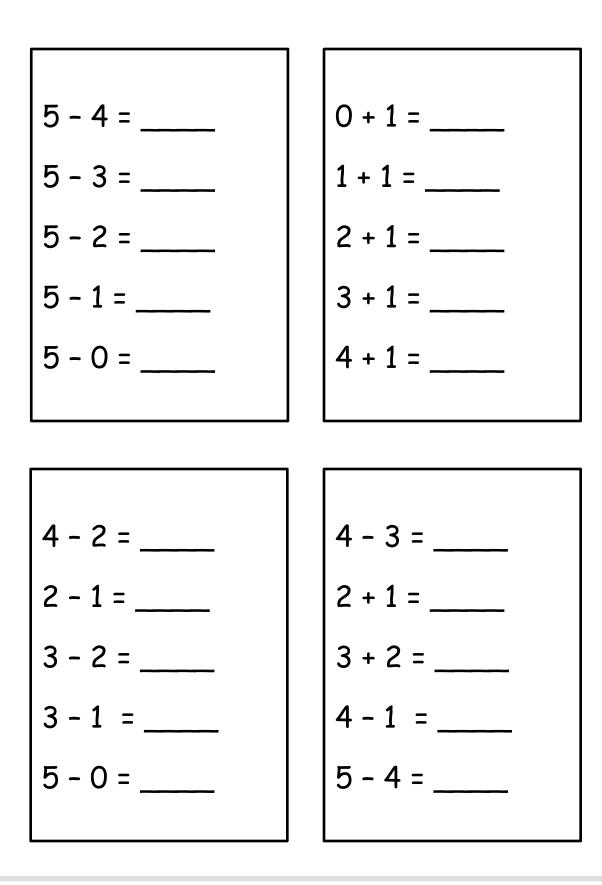
COMMON CORE

Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14



Lesson 2:

Date:



COMMON CORE Date:

Lesson 2:

Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

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engage

Date\_\_\_\_\_ Name 

Add. Color the blocks using the code for the total.

1-RED	2-ORANGE	3-YELLOW	
4-GREEN	5-BLUE		

0 + 1	1 + 1	2 + 1	3 + 1	4 + 1
0 + 2	1 + 2	2 + 2	3 + 2	
0 + 3	1 + 3	2 + 3		
0 + 4	1 + 4			
0 + 5				



Lesson 3:

Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



Date \_\_\_\_\_

Subtract. Color the blocks using the code for the difference.

0-PURPLE	1-RED	2-ORANGE	3-YELLOW
4-GREEN	5-BLUE		

1 - 0	2 - 0	3 - 0	4 - 0	5 - 0
1 - 1	2 - 1	3 - 1	4 - 1	5 - 1
	2 - 2	3 - 2	4 - 2	5 - 2
		3 - 3	4 - 3	5 - 3
			4 - 4	5 - 4
				5 - 5



Lesson 3:

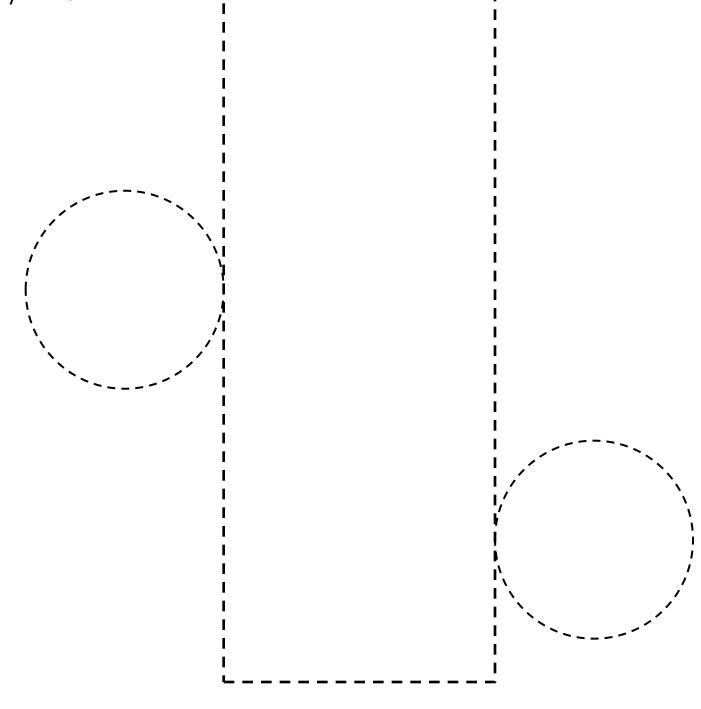
Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



\_\_\_\_

Name

Trace the circles and rectangle. Cut out the shape. Fold and tape to create a cylinder.



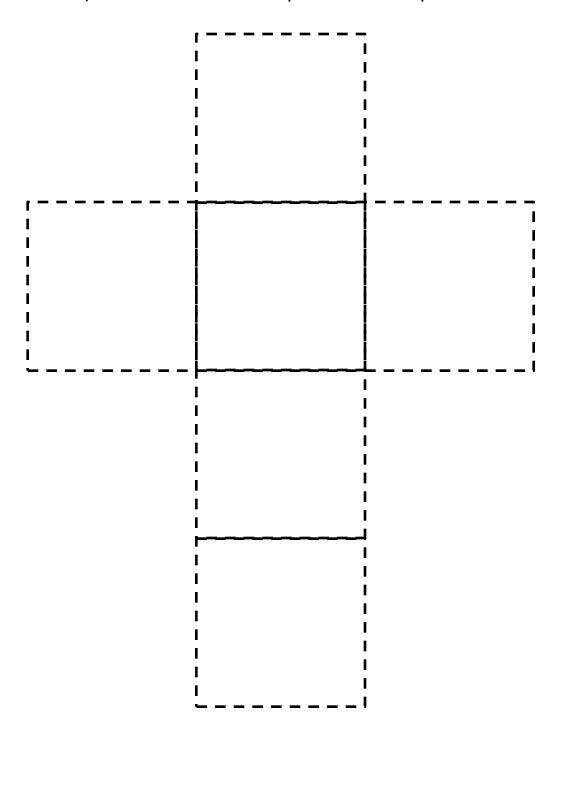


Lesson 3:

Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



Trace the squares. Cut out the shape. Fold and tape to create a cube.



COMMON CORE Date:

Lesson 3:

Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



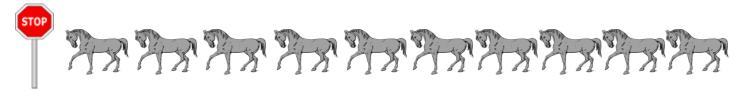
Circle the  $2^{nd}$  truck from the stop sign. Draw a square around the  $5^{th}$  truck. Draw an X on the  $9^{th}$  truck.



Draw a triangle around the 4<sup>th</sup> vehicle from the stop sign. Draw a circle around the 1<sup>st</sup> vehicle. Draw a square on the 6<sup>th</sup> vehicle.



Put an X on the 10<sup>th</sup> horse from the stop sign. Draw a triangle around the 7<sup>th</sup> horse. Draw a circle around the 3<sup>rd</sup> horse. Draw a square around the 8<sup>th</sup> horse.

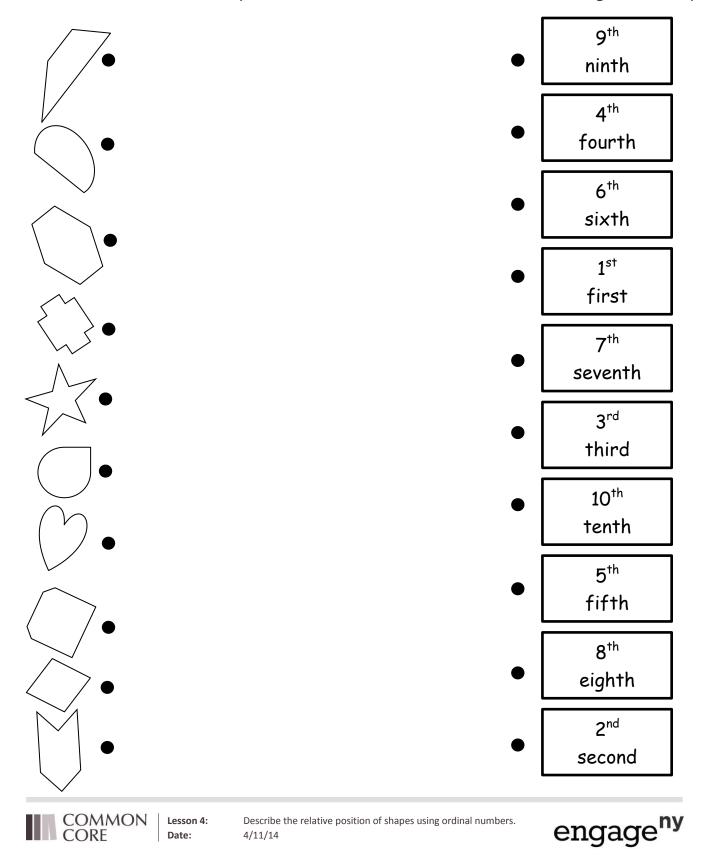




Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



Draw a line from the shape to the correct ordinal number, starting at the top.



1

Date	

Choose 4 shapes to create a new shape in Box 1. Give the same 4 shapes to your partner. Have your partner create a different shape in Box 2.

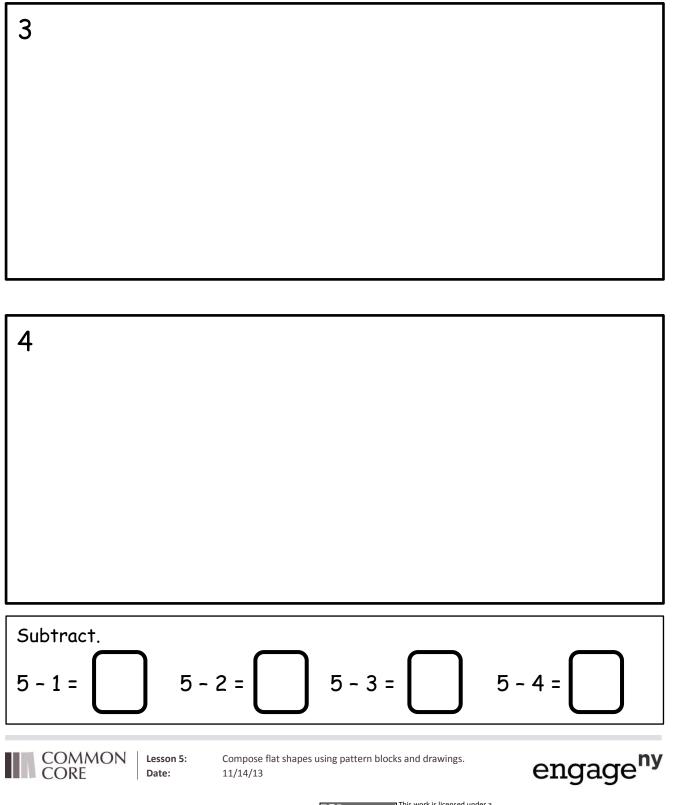
2



Compose flat shapes using pattern blocks and drawings. 11/14/13



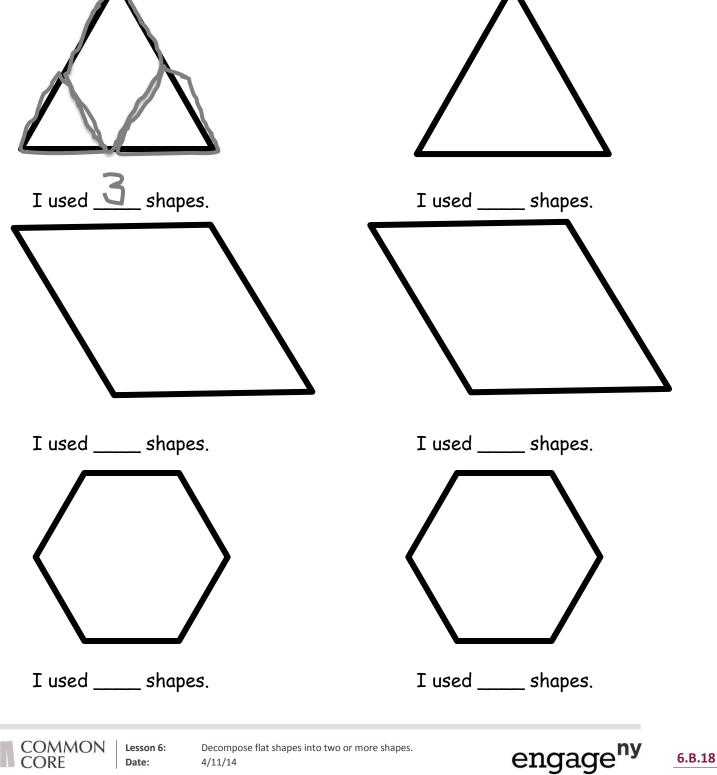
Choose 5 shapes to create a new shape in Box 3. Give the same 5 shapes to your partner. Have your partner create a different shape in Box 4.



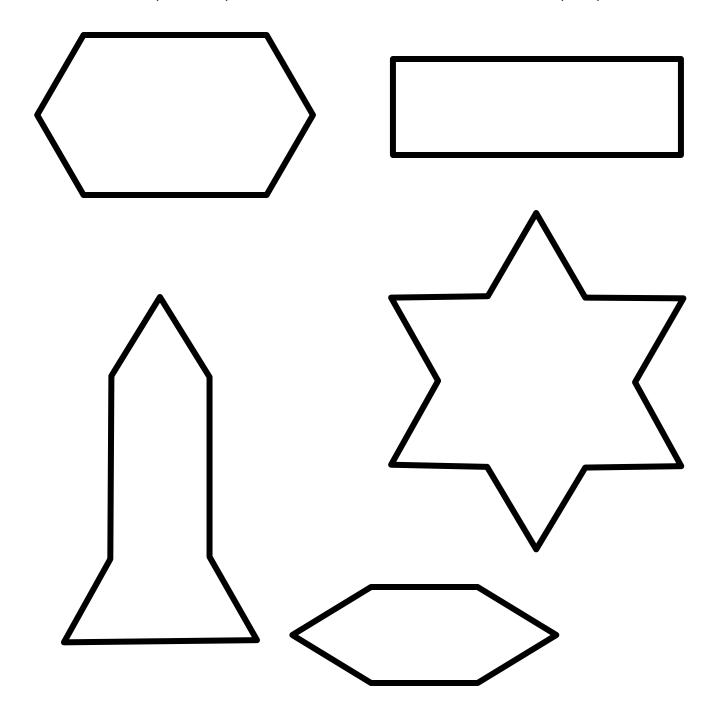
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Name \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Trace to show 2 ways to make each shape. How many shapes did you use?



Fill in each shape with pattern blocks. Trace to show the shapes you used.



How many different ways can you cover the sun with pattern blocks?

COMMON CORE Lesson 6: Date:

Decompose flat shapes into two or more shapes. 4/11/14



NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM		Lesson 7 Problem Set	K∙6
Name Glue your puzzles into the frames.		Date	
Glue puzzle here		Glue puzzle here	

Draw some of the shapes that you had after you cut your rectangles.



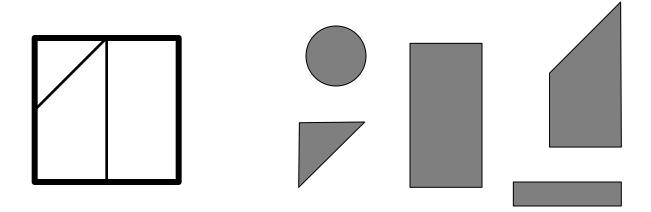
Lesson 7: Date:

4/11/14

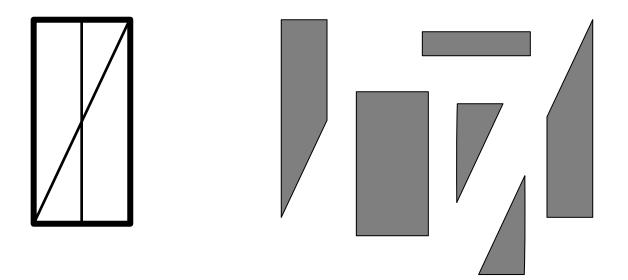
Compose simple shapes to form a larger shape described by an outline.



Carlos drew 2 lines on his square. You can see his square before he cut it. Circle the shapes Carlos had after he cut.



India drew 2 lines on her rectangle. You can see her rectangle before she cut it. Circle the shapes India had after she cut.





Lesson 7:

4/11/14

Compose simple shapes to form a larger shape described by an outline.



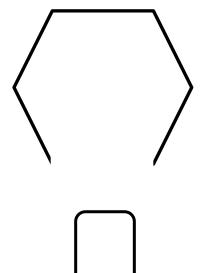
Follow the directions.

First, use your ruler to draw a line finishing the triangle. Second, color the triangle green. Third, use your ruler to draw a bigger triangle next to the green

First, draw 2 lines to make a rectangle. Second, put a red circle on all the corners. Third, put an X on the longer sides.

First, draw a line to complete the hexagon. Second, color the hexagon blue. Third, write the number of sides the hexagon has in the box below.

On the back of your paper draw: A shape with 3 straight sides. A shape with 4 straight sides. A shape with 6 straight sides.





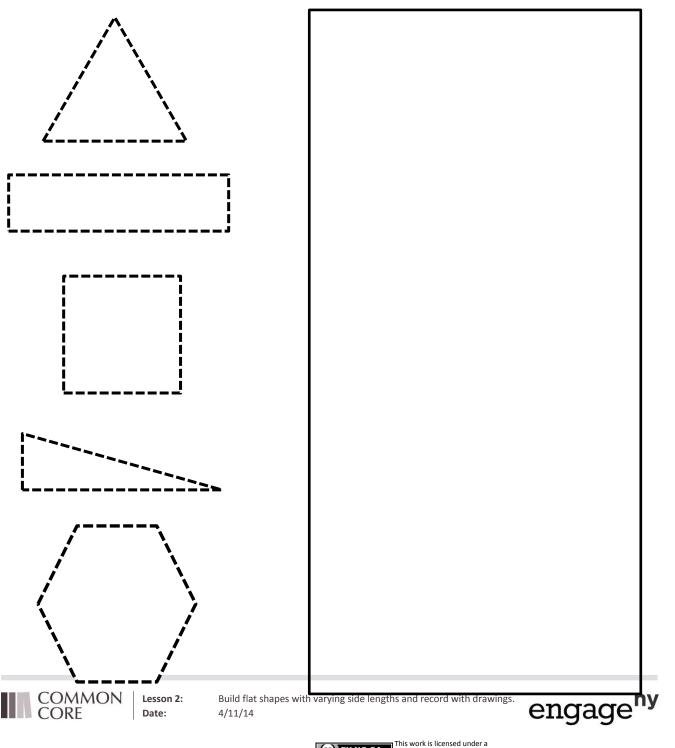
Lesson 1: Date: Describe the systematic construction of flat shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Trace the shapes. Then use a ruler to draw other related shapes on your own in the large rectangle. Draw more shapes on the back of your paper if you would like!



NYS COMMON CORE MATHEMATICS CURRICULUM	Lesson 3 Homework K•6
Name	Date
Draw something that is a cylinder.	
Circle the flat shape you can see in a $\square$ .	
Draw something that is a cube.	
Circle the flat shape you can see in a $\square$ .	
COMMON Lesson 3: Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation   CORE Date: 4/11/14	mengage <sup>ny</sup>



Draw something that is a cone.

Circle the flat shape you can see in a  $\bigtriangleup$  .

Draw a 3-dimensional solid. Draw one of your solid's faces. Tell an adult about the shapes you drew.

**Note to Family Helpers:** Your student knows how to name some three-dimensional solids: cylinders, cones, cubes, and spheres. You can often find these 3D shapes around the house in objects like soup cans, ice cream cones, boxes, and balls. For the last question, it is acceptable for your student to find and draw a different type of three-dimensional solid. Talk about the number of edges, corners, and faces on the object.



Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



Name	Date
	Color the 1 <sup>st</sup> Ared. Color the 3 <sup>rd</sup> Ablue. Color the 5 <sup>th</sup> Agreen. Color the 8 <sup>th</sup> Apurple.
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A
	Put an X on the 2 <sup>nd</sup> shape. Draw a triangle in the 4 <sup>th</sup> shape. Draw a circle around the 6 <sup>th</sup> shape.

Draw a square in the 9<sup>th</sup> shape.

Draw a circle in the 7<sup>th</sup> shape. Put an X on the  $1^{st}$  shape. Draw a square in the 5<sup>th</sup> shape. Draw a triangle in the 3<sup>rd</sup> shape.



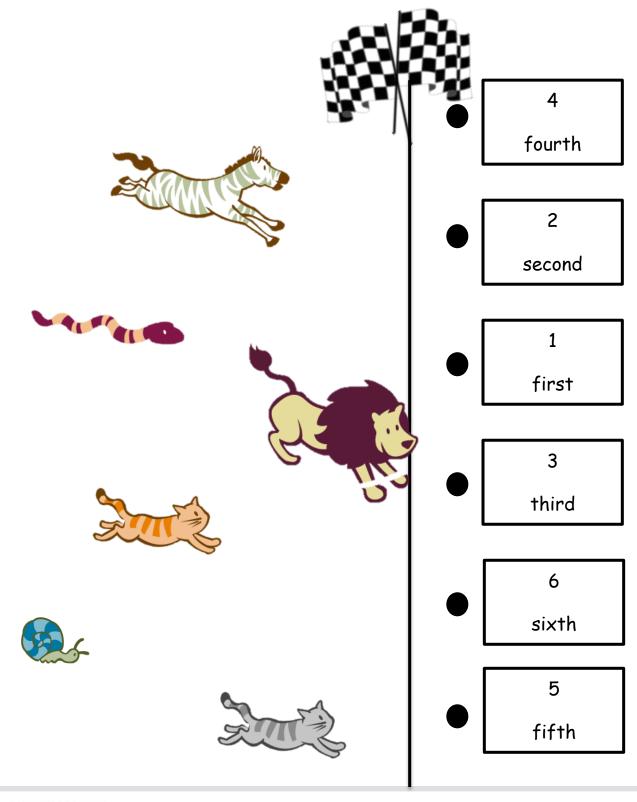
Lesson 4:

Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14

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Match each animal to the place it finished the race.



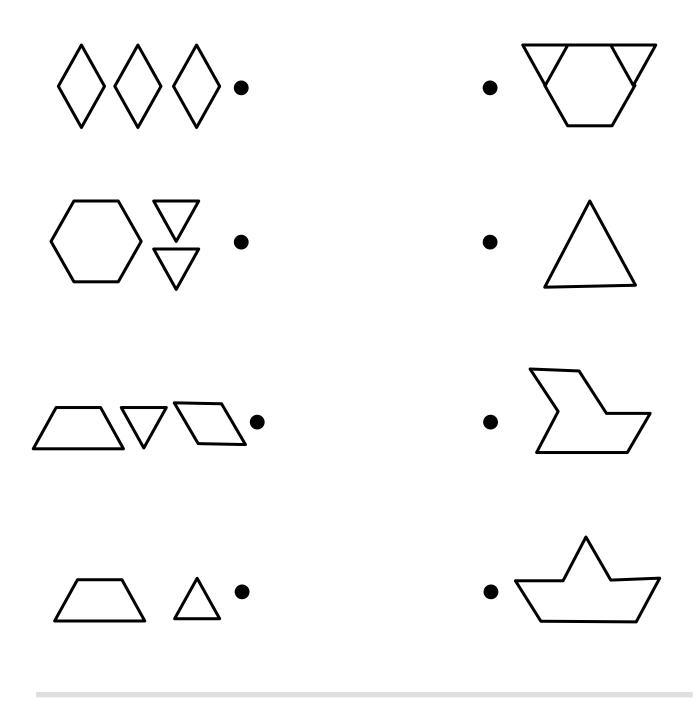
COMMON Lesson 4: CORE Date:

Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



Date
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Match each group of shapes on the left with the new shape they make when they are put together.





Lesson 5:

Compose flat shapes using pattern blocks and drawings. 11/14/13

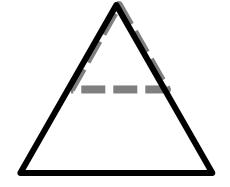


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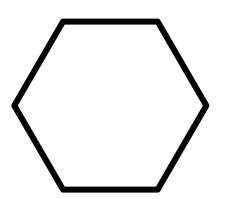
Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

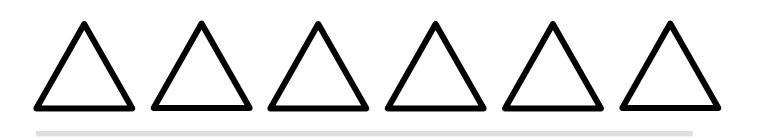
Cut out the triangles at the bottom of the paper. Use the small triangles to make the big shapes. Draw lines to show where the triangles fit. Count how many small triangles you used to make the big shapes.



This big triangle is made with \_\_\_\_\_ small triangles.



This hexagon is made with \_\_\_\_\_ small triangles.



Decompose flat shapes into two or more shapes.

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Lesson 6:

4/11/14

Date:

COMMON

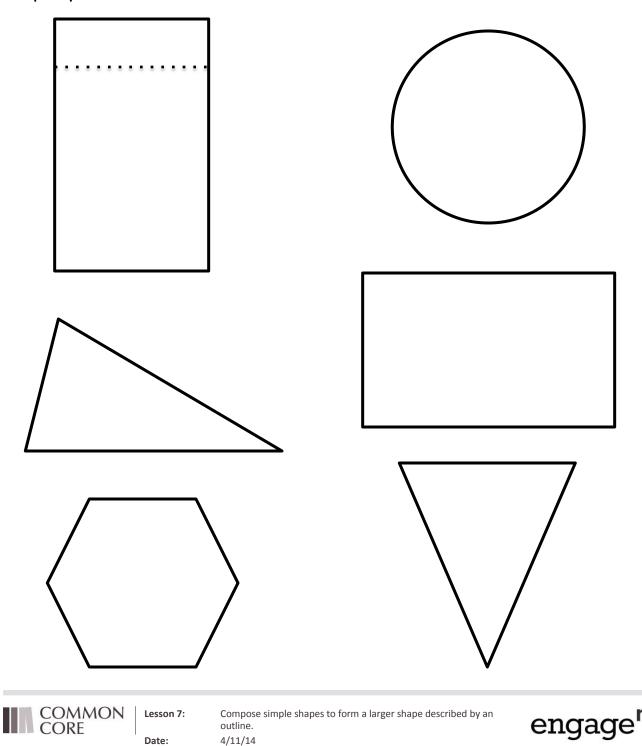
CORE

engage

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Using your ruler, draw 2 straight lines from side to side through the shape. The first one has been started for you. Describe the new shapes you made to an adult.





Date
------

Use your ruler.

First, draw a straight line from the dot.

Second, draw a different straight line from the dot.

Third, draw another straight line to make a triangle.



Lesson 1: Date: Describe the systematic construction of flat shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



Name	Date

First, draw a triangle so all of the sides are different lengths.

Second, draw a triangle with your ruler that has 2 sides that are about the same length.



Lesson 2: Date:

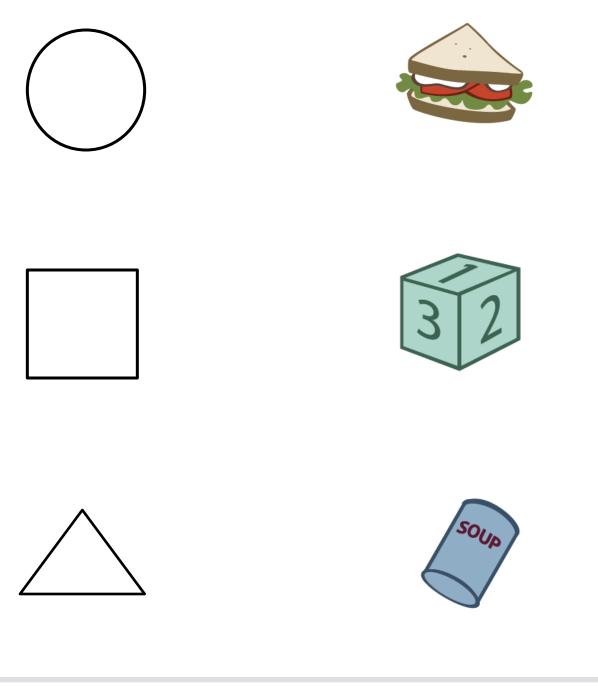
Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14



Name

Date\_\_\_\_

Draw a line from the flat shape to the object that has a face with that flat shape.





Lesson 3:

Compose solids using flat shapes as a foundation. 4/11/14



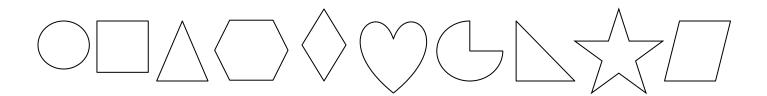
Name	Date

Listen to the directions. Start at the circle when counting.

Color the  $5^{th}$  shape red.

Color the 2<sup>nd</sup> shape green.

- Color the 10<sup>th</sup> shape yellow.
- Color the 7<sup>th</sup> shape blue.
- Color the 1<sup>st</sup> shape pink.
- Color the 8<sup>th</sup> shape orange.





Lesson 4:

Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



Name	Date

Use your pattern blocks to help you solve the problem.

Use 2 blocks to make a rectangle. Trace your blocks to show your rectangle.



Lesson 5: Date: Compose flat shapes using pattern blocks and drawings. 11/14/13



Name

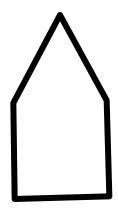
Date\_\_\_\_\_

Draw 2 shapes used to build the rectangle.

\_\_\_\_\_



Draw 2 shapes used to build the house.





Decompose flat shapes into two or more shapes. 4/11/14

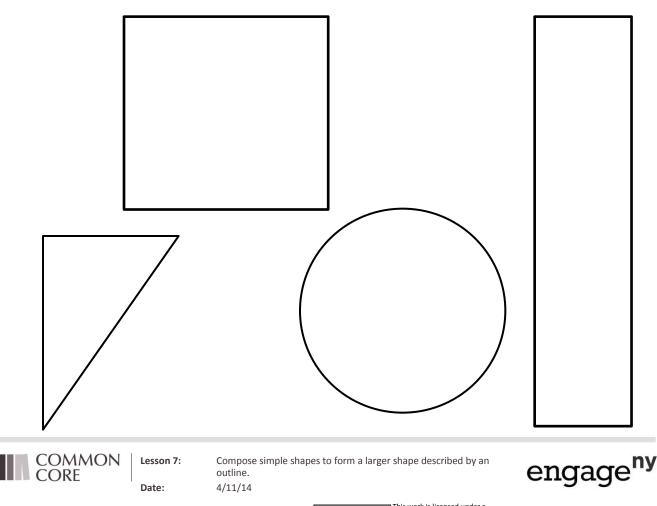


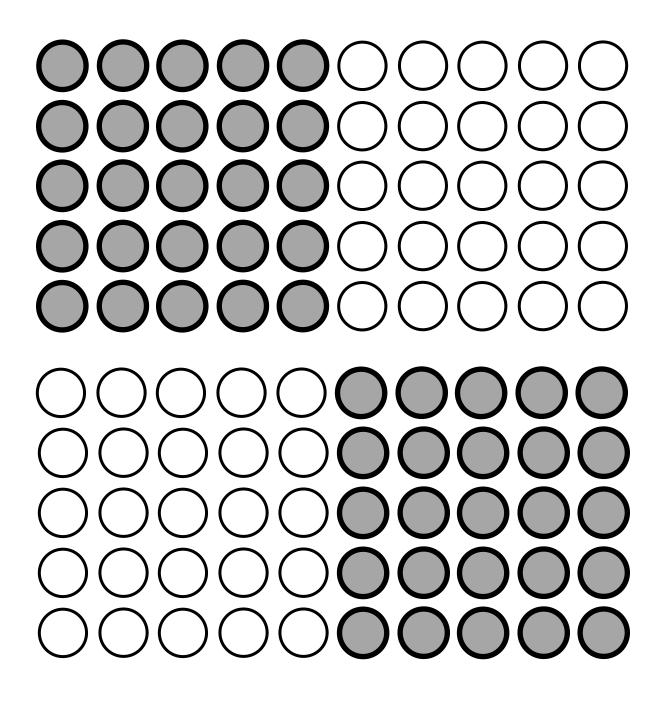
Name \_\_\_\_\_

Date	

If you drew 2 straight lines inside the gray rectangle, what shapes might you find? Circle them.









Lesson 1: Date:

4/11/14

Describe the systematic construction of flat shapes using ordinal numbers.



	Number correct:	X MY	, >
Date _		-4m	

Name

Write the missing number.

1	2 + 1 =	11 = 3 + 2
2	1 + 1 =	12 <b>1 + 3 =</b>
3	1 + 4 =	13 = 2 + 2
4	3 + 1 =	14 <b>= 1 + 2</b>
5	2 + 2 =	15 <b>1 + 4 =</b>
6	2 + 3 =	16 = 2 + 3
7	1 + 2 =	17 = 5 + 1
8	4 + 1 =	18 <b>5 + 2 =</b>
9	3 + 2 =	19 <b>1</b> + 0 =
10	1 + 3 =	<sub>20</sub> 5 + 0 =



Lesson 2:

Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

engage<sup>ny</sup> 6.A.18

Lesson 2 Core Fluency Sprint B K

Number correct:



Date

Write the missing number.

Name

1	2 - 1 =	11 = 4 - 2
2	4 - 1 =	12 <b>5 - 3 =</b>
3	5 - 1 =	13 <b>= 3 - 1</b>
4	3 - 1 =	14 = 5 - 2
5	3 - 2 =	15 <b>4</b> - 1 =
6	4 - 2 =	16 = 5 - 4
7	5 - 3 =	17 = 5 - 1
8	5 - 2 =	18 <b>6 - 1 =</b>
9	4 - 3 =	19 <b>1</b> - 0 =
10	5 - 4 =	<sub>20</sub> 5 - 5 =



Lesson 2: Date: Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

engage<sup>ny</sup> 6.A.19

Number correct:



Date

Write the missing number.

Name

1	2 + 1 =	11	3 + 2 =
2	2 - 1 =	12	3 - 2 =
3	3 + 1 =	13	4 + 0 =
4	3 - 1 =	14	4 - 0 =
5	4 + 1 =	15	5 + 0 =
6	4 - 1 =	16	5 - 0 =
7	1 + 1 =	17	5 - 5 =
8	1 - 1 =	18	4 + 1 =
9	2 + 2 =	19	5 - 4 =
10	2 - 2 =	20	5 - 1 =

COMMON CORE

Lesson 2: Date: Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

6.A.20

ny

engage

Lesson 2 Core Fluency Sprint D K•6

Number correct:



Date\_\_\_\_

Write the missing number.

Name

1	2 + 1 =	11 <b>= 1 + 2</b>
2	4 + 1 =	12 <b>5 + 0 =</b>
3	5 - 1 =	13 <b>= 3 - 1</b>
4	3 + 1 =	<sup>14</sup> = 2 + 2
5	3 + 2 =	15 <b>4 - 1 =</b>
6	4 - 2 =	<sup>16</sup> = 5 - 4
7	5 - 3 =	17 = 5 - 1
8	5 - 2 =	<sup>18</sup> 3 + 0 =
9	2 + 3 =	19 <b>1 - 0 =</b>
10	5 - 4 =	20 5 - 5 =



Lesson 2:

Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

engage<sup>ny</sup>

Hide Zero Cards. Copy double-sided.

## Numerals

1	0		
0	1	2	3
4	5	<u>6</u>	7
8	9		

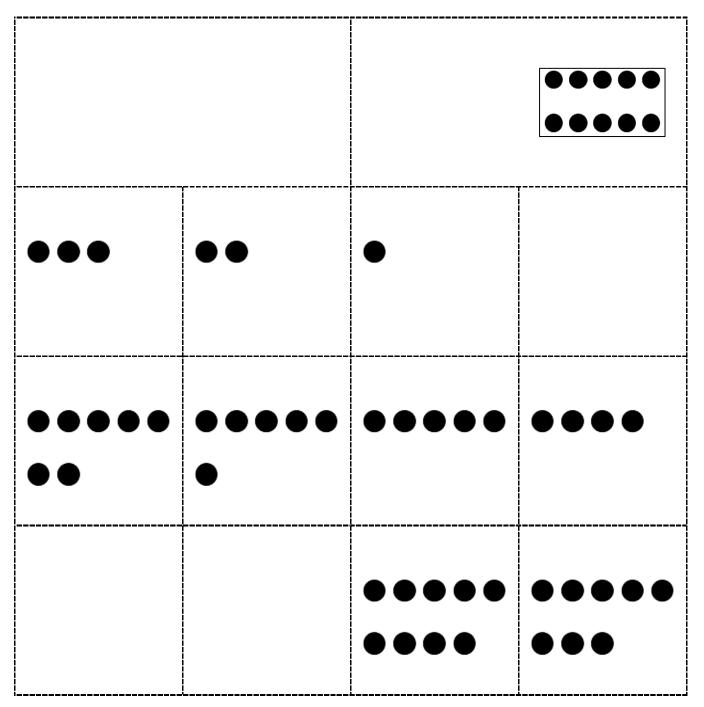


Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14



Hide Zero Cards. Copy double-sided.

5-groups



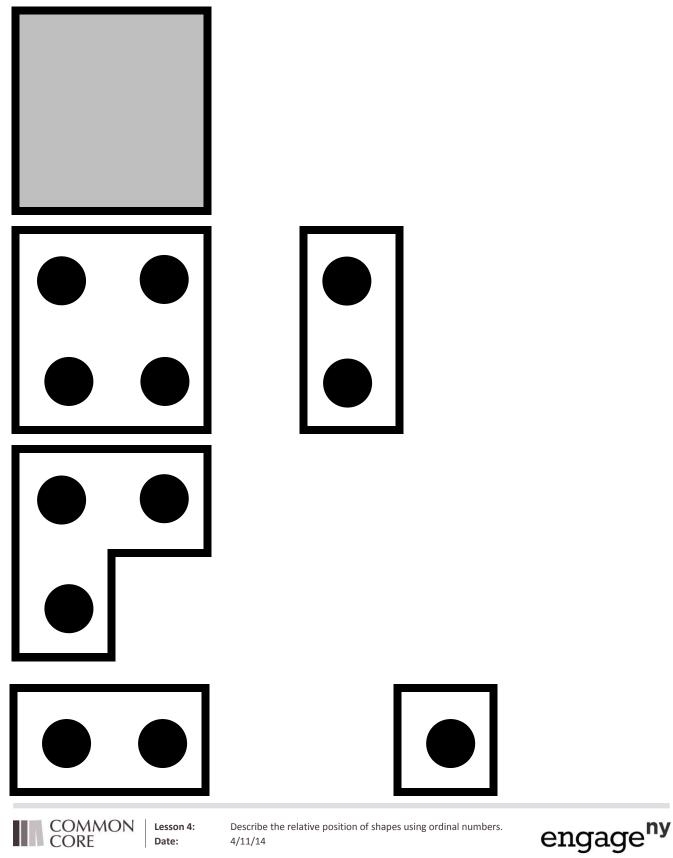
COMMON CORE Date:

Lesson 2:

Build flat shapes with varying side lengths and record with drawings. 4/11/14

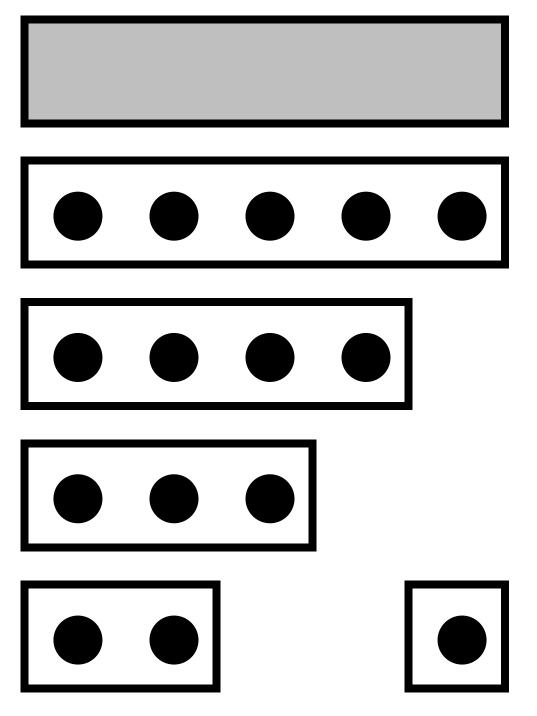


## **4-Dot Puzzles**



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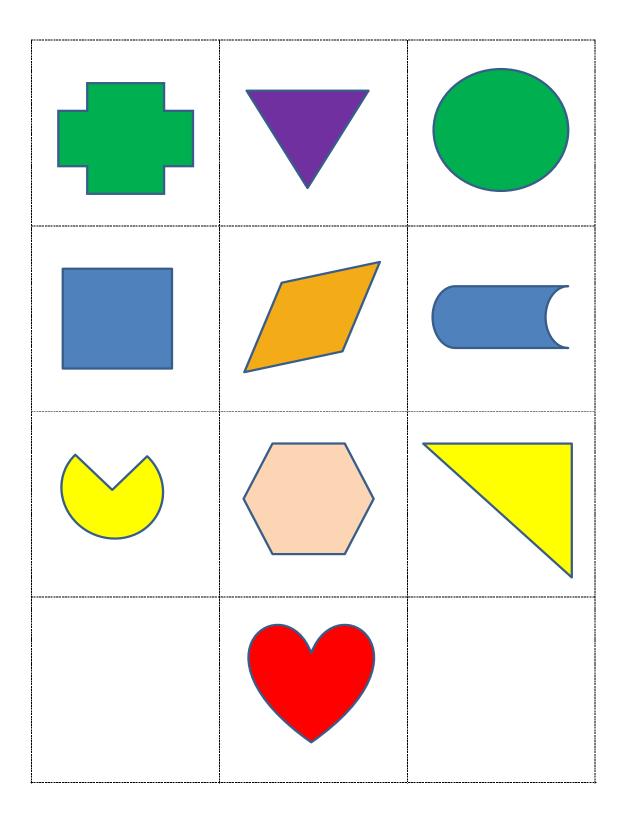
## 5-Dot Puzzles





Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14





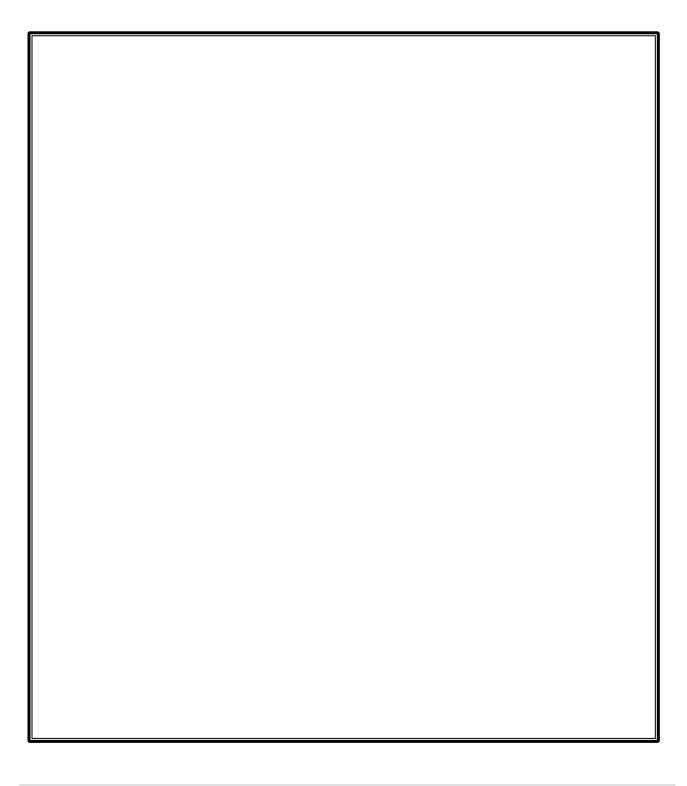
COMMON CORE Date:

Lesson 4:

Describe the relative position of shapes using ordinal numbers. 4/11/14



## I Can Make New Shapes!





Compose flat shapes using pattern blocks and drawings. 11/14/13





Number correct:



Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

Write the number of dots needed to make 10 dots.

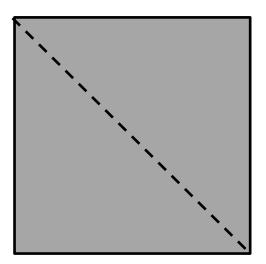
1		9	
2	••••	10	$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$
3		11	
4		12	
5	$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$	13	
6	$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$	14	$\bullet \bullet \bullet$
7		15	
8		16	$\bullet \bullet \bullet \bullet$

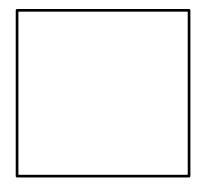


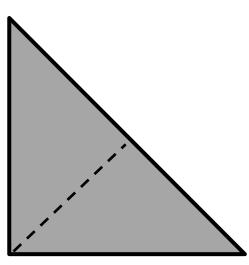
Lesson 6: Date:

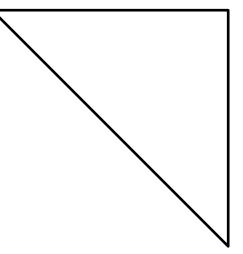
Decompose flat shapes into two or more shapes. 4/11/14

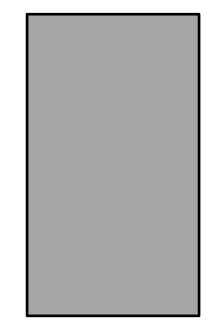








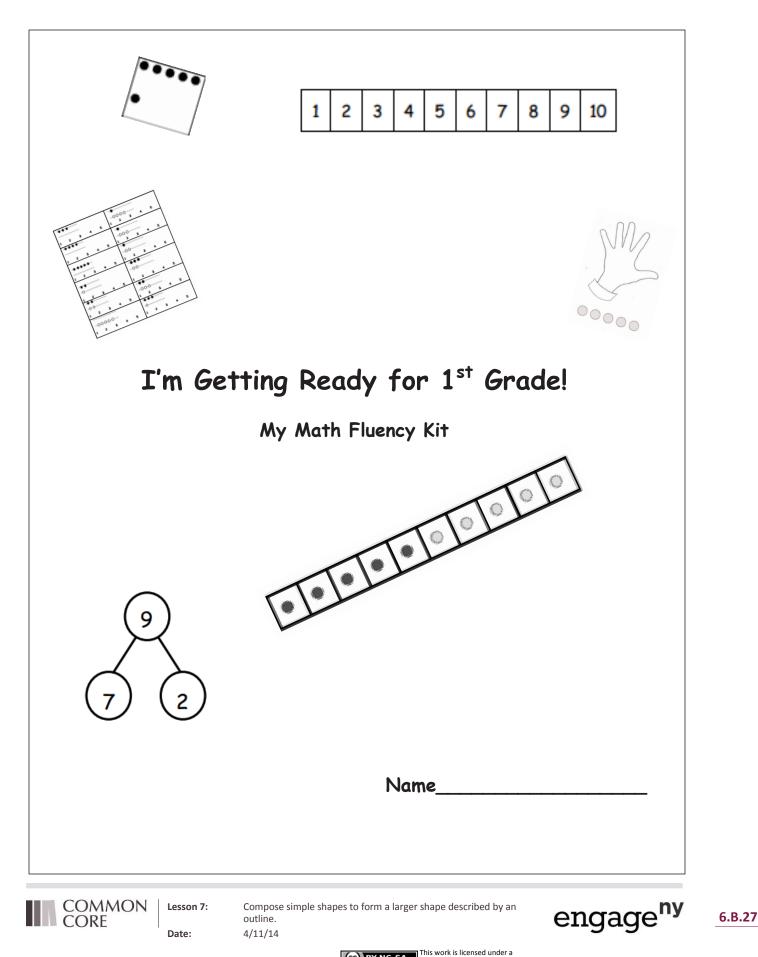




COMMON Lesson 6: CORE Date:

Decompose flat shapes into two or more shapes. 4/11/14





Name

Date	
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My Plan to Get Ready for 1<sup>st</sup> Grade Math

This is a picture of someone who can help me practice. This is a picture of where I will practice.



This is ME getting ready for 1<sup>st</sup> grade!





Lesson 7: Date:

4/11/14

Compose simple shapes to form a larger shape described by an outline.



Name

My Sprint Progress Log



Practice your number sentences and Sprints on your personal

board. Ask an adult to time you. Keep track of how you improve over the summer.

Date	Time

Are you getting better at your number sentences?

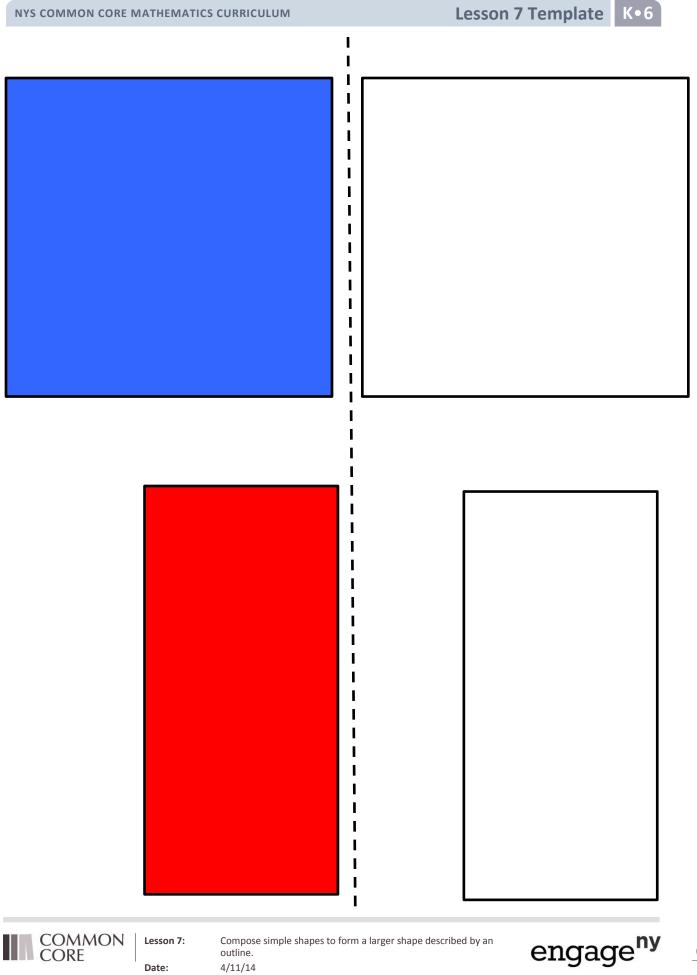
4/11/14



Lesson 7: Date:

Compose simple shapes to form a larger shape described by an outline.





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Date:

outline.

4/11/14

Name	Date
A. Make 10 Mania: Show how you made 1	0!
Name	Date
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number, group way, and draw the number in any ot	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-
B. Five-Group Frenzy: Write the number,	draw the number in the 5-



Lesson 8:

Culminating task—review selected topics to create a cumulative year-end project. 11/14/13



Name

**C. Shape Shifters:** Choose 5 pattern blocks and create a shape. Trace your shape, then trade with a partner.

Name	Date	

**D. The Weigh Station:** Choose an object. Guess how many pennies are the same weight as the object. Then, see if you guessed correctly! Draw a picture of the object, and write how many pennies it weighs.





Name

Date \_\_\_\_\_

E. Awesome Authors: Roll the die. Use the number to create an addition or take-away sentence. Draw a picture, number bond, and number sentence. Share your story with a friend.



Lesson 8: Date: Culminating task—review selected topics to create a cumulative year-end project. 11/14/13

